# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

#### FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarter Ended June 30, 2004

Commission File Number

0-13611

June 30, 2004

### SPARTAN MOTORS, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Michigan38-2078923(State or Other Jurisdiction of<br/>Incorporation or Organization)(I.R.S. Employer<br/>Identification No.)

1165 Reynolds Road Charlotte, Michigan (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

48813

(Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code: (517) 543-6400

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes \_X\_ No \_\_\_\_\_

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes \_X\_ No \_\_\_\_

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Outstanding at \_\_\_\_\_\_

Class

Common stock, \$.01 par value

12,286,128 shares

SPARTAN MOTORS, INC.

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#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

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This Form 10-Q contains statements that are not historical facts. These statements are called "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These statements involve important known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors and can be identified by phrases using "estimate," "anticipate," "believe," "project," "expect," "intend," "predict," "potential," "future," "may," "should" and similar expressions or words. Our future results, performance or achievements may differ materially from the results, performance or achievements discussed in the forward-looking statements. There are numerous factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results discussed in forward-looking statements, including, among others:

- Changes in existing products liability, tort or warranty laws or the introduction of new laws, regulations or policies that could affect our business practices: these laws, regulations or policies could impact our industry as a whole, or could impact only those portions in which we are currently active, for example, laws regulating the design or manufacture of emergency vehicles or regulations issued by the National Fire Protection Association; in either case, our profitability could be injured due to an industry-wide market decline or due to our inability to compete with other companies that are unaffected by these laws, regulations or policies.
- Changes in environmental regulations: these regulations could have a negative impact on our earnings; for example, laws mandating greater fuel efficiency could increase our research and development costs, increase the cost of components and lead to the temporary unavailability of engines.
- Rapidly rising steel and component costs and the Company's limited ability to mitigate such cost increases based
  upon its supply contracts or to recover such cost increases with increases in selling prices of its products: such
  increases in costs could have a negative impact on our earnings.
- Changes in economic conditions, including changes in interest rates, financial market performance and our industry: these types of changes can impact the economy in general, resulting in a downward trend that impacts not only our business, but all companies with which we compete; or, the changes can impact only those parts of the economy upon which we rely in a unique fashion, including, by way of example:
  - Factors that impact our attempts to expand internationally, such as the introduction of trade barriers in the United States or abroad.

- Changes in relationships with major customers: an adverse change in our relationship with major customers would have a negative impact on our earnings and financial position.
- Armed conflicts and other military actions: the considerable political and economic uncertainties resulting from these events could adversely affect our order intake and sales, particularly in the motorhome market.
- Factors that we have discussed in previous public reports and other documents filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

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This list provides examples of factors that could affect the results described by forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-Q. However, this list is not intended to be exhaustive; many other factors could impact our business and it is impossible to predict with any accuracy which factors could result in which negative impacts. Although we believe that the forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-Q are reasonable, we cannot provide you with any guarantee that the anticipated results will be achieved. All forward-looking statements in this Form 10-Q are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained in this section and you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-Q. In addition to the risks listed above, other risks may arise in the future, and we disclaim any obligation to update information contained in any forward-looking statement.

### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

SPARTAN MOTORS. INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

June 30, 2004	December 31, 2003
(Unaudited)	(Audited)

**ASSETS** 

### **Current assets:**

Cash and cash equivalents \$ 22,667,592 18,480,770 Marketable securities 2,798,768

Accounts receivable, less allowance for

19,604,058
26 500 065
26,588,065
3,326,847
957,879
1,440,744
70,398,363
14,783,965
4,543,422
1,617,000
39,344
91,382,094

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# SPARTAN MOTORS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Continued)

	Jui	ne 30, 2004	December 31, 2003		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	(Unaudited)			(Audited)	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued warranty Accrued compensation and related taxes Accrued vacation Deposits from customers Other current liabilities and accrued expenses Current portion of long-term debt	\$	29,198,067 2,490,496 2,768,719 1,148,487 9,181,130 2,399,762 10,006	\$	15,066,541 2,538,204 2,746,117 1,020,437 6,796,949 2,093,642	
Total current liabilities		47,196,667		30,261,890	
Long-term debt, less current portion		138,047		-	
Shareholders' equity: Preferred stock, no par value: 2,000,000 shares authorized (none issued) Common stock, \$.01 par value: 23,900,000 shares authorized, issued 12,278,678 and		-		-	
12,198,112 shares in 2004 and 2003, respectively		122,787		121,981	

Additional paid in capital Retained earnings	33,167,260 31,047,287	32,228,967 28,769,256
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,232)	20,703,230
Total shareholders' equity	 64,336,102	61,120,204
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 111,670,816	\$ 91,382,094

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# SPARTAN MOTORS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2004 2003 Sales 78,205,924 55,116,986 Cost of products sold 66,793,246 48,088,270 **Gross profit** 11,412,678 7,028,716 Operating expenses: Research and development 1,840,231 1,853,752 Selling, general and administrative 6,038,768 5,536,469 Operating income (loss) 3,533,679 (361,505)Other income (expense): Interest expense (103,029)(117,024)Interest and other income 158,179 128,508 Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before taxes on income 3,588,829 (350,021)Taxes on income 1,322,020 (128,901)Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations 2,266,809 (221,120)

Discontinued operations:

Gain on disposal of Carpenter, including applicable income

tax benefit of \$914,000	-	955,178
Net earnings	\$ 2,266,809	\$ 734,058
Basic net earnings per share:  Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations Gain from discontinued operations: Gain on disposal of Carpenter	\$ 0.18	\$ (0.02)
Basic net earnings per share	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.06
Diluted net earnings per share:  Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations Gain from discontinued operations: Gain on disposal of Carpenter  Diluted net earnings per share	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.02) 0.08 0.06
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	12,268,000	12,122,000
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	12,665,000	12,122,000
Cash dividends per common share	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.05

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# SPARTAN MOTORS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

	Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2004		2003
Sales Cost of products sold	\$	140,311,023 119,639,621	\$	115,534,426 98,922,081
Gross profit		20,671,402		16,612,345
Operating expenses: Research and development Selling, general and administrative		3,628,690 11,703,623		3,602,351 10,806,923
Operating income		5,339,089		2,203,071

Other income (expense): Interest expense	(206,247)	(168,802)
Interest and other income	264,102	261,678
Earnings from continuing operations before taxes on income	 5,396,944	2,295,947
Taxes on income	1,804,060	427,564
Net earnings from continuing operations	3,592,884	1,868,383
Discontinued operations: Gain on disposal of Carpenter	-	1,465,306
Net earnings	\$ 3,592,884	\$ 3,333,689
Basic net earnings per share: Net earnings from continuing operations Gain from discontinued operations: Gain on disposal of Carpenter	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.16 0.12
Basic net earnings per share	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.28
Diluted net earnings per share: Net earnings from continuing operations Gain from discontinued operations: Gain on disposal of Carpenter	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.15 0.12
Diluted net earnings per share	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.27
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	12,245,000	12,090,000
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	12,614,000	12,445,000
Cash dividends per common share	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.05

	Number of Shares	Common Stock	Additional Paid In Capital	Retained Eamings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total
Balance at January 1, 2004	12,198,112	\$ 121,981	\$ 32,228,967	\$ 28,769,256	\$ -	\$ 61,120,204
Net proceeds from exercise						
of stock options, including related income income tax benefit	119,466	1,195	1,042,545	-	-	1,043,740
Dividends paid (\$0.08 per share) Purchase and constructive	-	-	-	(966,059)	-	(966,059)
retirement of stock Comprehensive income:	(38,900)	(389)	(104,252)	(348,794)		(453,435)
Net earnings	-	-	-	3,592,884	-	3,592,884
Other comprehensive loss: Net unrealized loss on						
marketable securities	-	-	-	-	(1,232)	(1,232)
Total comprehensive income					_	3,591,652
Balance at June 30, 2004	12,278,678	\$ 122,787	\$ 33,167,260	\$ 31,047,287	(\$ 1,232)	\$ 64,336,102

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# SPARTAN MOTORS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

Six Months Ended June 30,

	2004			2003	
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net earnings from continuing operations	\$	3,592,884	\$	1,868,383	
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash					
provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation		1,118,122		1,006,748	
Loss (gain) on sales of property, plant and equipment		1,871		(6,100)	
Tax benefit from stock options exercised		149,000		232,000	
Deferred taxes		500,500		-	

Decrease (increase) in operating assets:		
Accounts receivable	(7,781,582)	3,657,253
Inventories	(4,813,841)	(4,518,473)
Taxes receivable	(484,895)	(708,135)
Other assets	703,039	(103,596)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
Accounts payable	14,131,526	2,016,151
Accrued warranty	(47,708)	(199,646)
Accrued taxes on income	-	(1,412,210)
Accrued compensation and related taxes	22,602	(2,225,203)
Accrued vacation	128,050	131,251
Deposits from customers	2,384,181	1,375,266
Other current liabilities and accrued expenses	 306,120	 228,745
Total adjustments	6,316,985	(525,949)
Net cash provided by continuing operating activities	9,909,869	1,342,434
Net cash provided by discontinued operating activities	-	1,522,500
Net cash provided by operating activities	9,909,869	2,864,934
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(2,566,330)	(1,009,004)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	19,984	6,100
Purchases of marketable securities	(2,800,000)	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(5,346,346)	(1,002,904)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from long-term debt	148,053	-
Dividends paid	(966,059)	(642,488)
Purchase and retirement of stock	(453,435)	(498,146)
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options	894,740	754,461
Net cash used in financing activities	(376,701)	(386,173)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	4,186,822	1,475,857
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	18,480,770	8,081,639
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 22,667,592	\$ 9,557,496

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# SPARTAN MOTORS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 1

#### Note 2

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all normal and recurring adjustments that are necessary for the fair presentation of the Company's financial position as of June 30, 2004 and the results of operations and cash flows for the three- and sixmonth periods ended June 30, 2004 and 2003.

#### Note 3

The results of operations for the six-month period ended June 30, 2004 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

#### Note 4

Inventories consist of raw materials and purchased components, work in process and finished goods and are summarized as follows:

	June 30, 2004		Dece	cember 31, 2003	
Finished goods Work in process Raw materials and purchased components Obsolescence reserve	\$	4,782,738 7,351,226 22,320,529 (3,052,587)	\$	5,902,783 5,203,881 17,715,999 (2,234,598)	
	\$	31,401,906	\$	26,588,065	

#### Note 5

The Company's products generally carry limited warranties, based on terms that are generally accepted in the marketplace. Some components included in the Company's end products (such as engines, transmissions, tires, etc.) may include manufacturers' warranties. These manufacturers' warranties are generally passed on to the end customer of the Company's products.

The Company's policy is to record a provision for the estimated cost of warranty-related claims at the time of the sale and periodically adjust the provision to reflect actual experience. The amount of warranty liability accrued reflects management's best estimate of the expected future cost of honoring the Company's obligations under the warranty agreements. Historically, the cost of fulfilling the Company's warranty obligations has principally involved replacement parts, labor and sometimes travel for field retrofit campaigns. The Company's estimates are based on historical experience, the number of units involved and the extent of features and components included in product models.

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### Note 5 (continued)

Certain warranty and other related claims involve matters of dispute that ultimately are resolved by negotiation, arbitration or litigation. Infrequently, a material warranty issue can arise which is beyond the scope of the Company's historical experience. The Company provides for any such warranty issues as they become known and are estimable. It is reasonably possible that additional warranty and other related claims could arise from disputes or other matters beyond the scope of the Company's historical experience.

Changes in the Company's warranty liability were as follows:

For the three months ended June 30:

	 2004	 2003
Balance of accrued warranty at March 31	\$ 2,341,425	\$ 2,515,948
Warranties issued during the period	579,181	344,651
Cash settlements made during the period	(825,933)	(503,599)
Changes in liability for pre-existing warranties during the period, including expirations	395,823	211,743

Balance of accrued warranty at June 30	\$ 2,490,496	\$ 2,568,743
For the six months ended June 30:		
	2004	 2003
Balance of accrued warranty at January 1	\$ 2,538,204	\$ 2,768,389
Warranties issued during the period	1,040,097	749,755
Cash settlements made during the period	(1,502,956)	(1,187,117)
Changes in liability for pre-existing warranties during the period, including expirations	415,151	237,716
Balance of accrued warranty at June 30	\$ 2,490,496	\$ 2,568,743

#### Note 6

The Company has repurchase agreements with certain third-party lending institutions that have provided floor plan financing to customers. These agreements provide for the repurchase of products from the lending institution in the event of the customer's default. The total contingent liability on June 30, 2004 was \$0.6 million. Historically, losses under these agreements have not been significant and it is management's opinion that any future losses will not have a material effect on the Company's financial position or future operating results.

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#### Note 7

On September 28, 2000, the Company's Board of Directors passed a resolution to cease funding of the Company's majority-owned subsidiary, Carpenter Industries, Inc. Carpenter's Board of Directors then voted on September 29, 2000 to begin the orderly liquidation of Carpenter. Because Carpenter was a separate segment of the Company's business, the operating results and the disposition of Carpenter's net assets were accounted for as a discontinued operation. Accordingly, previously reported financial results for all periods presented were restated to reflect this business as a discontinued operation.

#### Note 8

The Company follows Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, in accounting for its stock option plans. Under APB Opinion No. 25, no compensation expense is recognized because the exercise price of the Company's stock options equals the market price of the underlying stock on the date of grant. Had compensation cost for the Company's stock-based compensation plans been determined based on the fair value at the grant dates for awards under those plans consistent with the method of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, the Company's net earnings and net earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003 would have been the pro forma amounts indicated below.

### Three Months Ended June 30,

	 2004	2003
Net earnings As reported Deduct: Compensation expense - fair value method Add: Income tax benefit for disqualifying dispositions associated with incentive stock	\$ 2,266,809 (98,790)	\$ 734,058 (75,445)
options previously expensed.	85,928	8,810
Pro forma	\$ 2,253,947	\$ 667,423

Basic net earnings per share As reported Pro forma	\$ 0.18 0.18	\$ 0.06 0.06
Diluted net earnings per share		
As reported	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.06
Pro forma	0.18	0.05

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# Note 8 (continued)

# Six Months Ended June 30,

	 2004	2003
Net earnings As reported Deduct: Compensation expense - fair value method Add: Income tax benefit for disqualifying	\$ 3,592,884 (111,272)	\$ 3,333,689 (93,765)
dispositions associated with incentive stock options previously expensed.	161,053	135,803
Pro forma	\$ 3,642,665	\$ 3,375,727
Basic net earnings per share As reported Pro forma	\$ 0.29 0.30	\$ 0.28 0.28
Diluted net earnings per share As reported Pro forma	\$ 0.28 0.29	\$ 0.27 0.27

## Note 9

Sales and other financial information by business segment are as follows (amounts in thousands):

Three Months Ended June 30, 2004

# **Business Segments**

	Cł	nassis	E/	/Team	 Other	Con	solidated
Motorhome chassis sales Fire truck chassis sales EVTeam product sales Other sales	\$	42,155 21,953 - 1,902	\$	14,987	\$ (2,620) (171) -	\$	42,155 19,333 14,816 1,902
Total sales	\$	66,010	\$	14,987	\$ (2,791)	\$	78,206
Interest expense		6		202	(105)		103

Depreciation expense	228	243	104	575
Taxes on income	1,762	(440)	-	1,322
Segment earnings from				
continuing operations	3,133	(696)	(170)	2,267
Segment earnings	3,133	(696)	(170)	2,267
Segment assets	40,012	36,801	34,858	111,671

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# Note 9 (continued)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2003

# **Business Segments**

	C	hassis	E	VTeam	 Other	Con	solidated
Motorhome chassis sales Fire truck chassis sales EVTeam product sales Other sales	\$	27,131 16,090 - 1,903	\$	13,200 -	\$ (3,207) - -	\$	27,131 12,883 13,200 1,903
Total sales	\$	45,124	\$	13,200	\$ (3,207)	\$	55,117
Interest expense Depreciation expense Taxes on income Segment earnings from continuing operations Discontinued operations Segment earnings Segment assets		33 221 839 1,443 - 1,443 33,155		192 166 (968) (1,434) - (1,434) 36,598	(108) 108 - (230) 955 725 21,645		117 495 (129) (221) 955 734 91,398
Six Months Ended June 30, 2004							

# **Business Segments**

	 Chassis	E	√Team ———	 Other	Cor	nsolidated
Motorhome chassis sales Fire truck chassis sales EVTeam product sales Other sales	\$ 78,006 39,395 - 3,375	\$	27,062 -	\$ (7,356) (171) -	\$	78,006 32,039 26,891 3,375
Total sales	\$ 120,776	\$	27,062	\$ (7,527)	\$	140,311
Interest expense Depreciation expense Taxes on income Segment earnings from	8 442 3,105		412 467 (1,043)	(214) 209 (258)		206 1,118 1,804
continuing operations Segment earnings	5,520 5,520		(1,695) (1,695)	(232) (232)		3,593 3,593

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### Note 9 (continued)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2003

### **Business Segments**

Chassis EVTeam		Other		Consolidated			
\$	57,931 33,611 - 3,326	\$	26,319 -	\$	(5,652) - -	\$	57,931 27,959 26,319 3,326
\$	94,868	\$	26,319	\$	(5,652)	\$	115,535
	81 418 2,061		318 371 (1,270)		(230) 218 (364)		169 1,007 427
	3,639 3,639		(1,914) - (1,914)		144 1,465 1,609		1,869 1,465 3,334 91,398
	\$	\$ 57,931 33,611 - 3,326 \$ 94,868 - 81 418 2,061 3,639 - 3,639	\$ 57,931 33,611 - \$ 3,326 \$ 94,868 \$ 81 418 2,061 3,639	\$ 57,931 33,611 - \$ 26,319 3,326 - \$ 94,868 \$ 26,319 81 318 418 371 2,061 (1,270) 3,639 (1,914) - 3,639 (1,914)	\$ 57,931 33,611 - \$ 26,319 3,326 - \$ \$ 94,868 \$ 26,319 \$ 318 418 371 2,061 (1,270) 3,639 (1,914) - 3,639 (1,914)	\$ 57,931 33,611 \$ (5,652) - \$ 26,319 - \$ 94,868 \$ 26,319 \$ (5,652) 81 318 (230) 418 371 218 2,061 (1,270) (364) 3,639 (1,914) 144 1,465 3,639 (1,914) 1,609	\$ 57,931 \$ \$ (5,652) \$ \$ 3,326 \$ \$ 26,319 \$ \$ (5,652) \$ \$ \$ \$ 94,868 \$ 26,319 \$ \$ (5,652) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 418 371 218 2,061 (1,270) (364) \$ 3,639 (1,914) 1,465 3,639 (1,914) 1,609

### Note 10

In January 2003, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 46, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, revised December 2003 as Interpretation No. 46(R). Interpretation No. 46(R) requires that companies consolidate a variable interest entity if the company is subject to a majority of the risk of loss from the variable interest entity's activities, or is entitled to receive a majority of the entity's residual returns, or both. The Company does not participate in any variable interest entities, as defined, nor has it acquired a variable interest in an entity where the Company is the primary beneficiary since January 31, 2003. Accordingly, the adoption of Interpretation No. 46(R) as of March 31, 2004 had no effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following is a discussion of the major elements impacting the Company's financial and operating results for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2004 compared to the three-and six-month periods ended June 30, 2003. The comments that follow should be read in conjunction with the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes contained in this Form 10-Q.

#### **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the components of the Company's consolidated statements of operations, on an actual basis, as a percentage of sales:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months June	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
Sales Cost of product sold	100.0% 85.4%	100.0% 87.2%	100.0% 85.3%	100.0% 85.6%
Gross profit	14.6%	12.8%	14.7%	14.4%
Operating expenses: Research and development Selling, general, and administrative	2.4% 7.7%	3.4% 10.1%	2.6% 8.3%	3.1% 9.4%
Operating income Other income (expense)	4.5% 0.1%	(0.7%) 0.1%	3.8% 0.0%	1.9% 0.1%
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before taxes on income Taxes on income	4.6% 1.7%	(0.6%) (0.2%)	3.8% 1.2%	2.0% 0.4%
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations Discontinued operations:	2.9%	(0.4%)	2.6%	1.6%
Gain on disposal of Carpenter	0.0%	1.7%	0.0%	1.3%
Net earnings	2.9%	1.3%	2.6%	2.9%

### Quarter Ended June 30, 2004, Compared to the Quarter Ended June 30, 2003

For the three months ended June 30, 2004, consolidated sales increased \$23.1 million (41.9%) to \$78.2 million, from \$55.1 million in the second quarter of 2003. Chassis Group sales for this period increased by \$20.9 million (46.3%). The majority of this increase was due to higher sales of motorhome chassis. During the second quarter of 2004, motorhome chassis sales were \$15.0 million (55.4%) higher than the second quarter of 2003. This increase was due to two primary factors. First, the Chassis Group secured additional business from one of its top three customers, and production related to this additional business began late in the second quarter of 2004. In addition, there were overall higher motorhome industry sales as a result of less economic uncertainty in 2004 than in the start of 2003. Concerns about the conflict in Iraq continued into the middle of 2003 and negatively impacted the economy and the stock market, which caused lower motorhome sales during that period.

The increase in motorhome chassis sales was coupled with an increase in fire truck chassis sales. Fire truck chassis sales in the second quarter of 2004 were up \$5.9 million (36.4%) over the same period of 2003. As the increase in sales indicates, the fire truck market continues to be strong in 2004, with a focus by fire departments on making sure their equipment is sufficient to respond to the variety of emergencies that are on their growing list of responsibilities.

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. (Continued)

EVTeam sales increased \$1.8 million, or 13.5%, from the prior year's second quarter. As mentioned above, the emergency vehicle market continues to be strong, which is having a positive impact on the order intake in fire trucks and ambulances. The primary reason for the increase is higher production levels at Crimson Fire stemming from the higher order intake. The Company also shipped its first aerial from Crimson Fire Aerials during the second quarter of 2004. Partially offsetting these increases was a decrease in sales at Road Rescue. The Company's closure of Road Rescue's St. Paul, Minnesota facility and consolidation of its ambulance operations to its new Marion, South Carolina facility continues to have a transitional negative impact on EVTeam production.

Gross margin increased from 12.8% for the quarter ended June 30, 2003 to 14.6% for the same period of 2004. This increase is due primarily to the higher gross margins at the EVTeam. The EVTeam has experienced higher operating efficiencies in the current year and, in addition, the prior year's gross margin was negatively impacted by physical inventory and other costing adjustments made at an EVTeam location. Partially offsetting these improvements were lower margins at the Chassis Group. These lower margins resulted primarily from a change in customer mix coupled with higher steel surcharges.

Operating expenses as a percentage of sales decreased from 13.5% for the second quarter of 2003 to 10.1% for the second quarter of 2004. This decrease is primarily due to higher sales levels coupled with a Company focus on keeping the base operating expense level low.

The effective tax rate in the second quarter of 2004 was 36.8% which is consistent with the 36.8% rate for the second quarter of 2003. The 2004 and 2003 rates differ from the federal statutory rate of 34.0% primarily due to state income tax expense.

On September 28, 2000, the Company's Board of Directors passed a resolution to cease funding of the Company's majority-owned subsidiary, Carpenter Industries, Inc. Carpenter's Board of Directors then voted on September 29, 2000 to begin the orderly liquidation of Carpenter. Because Carpenter was a separate segment of the Company's business, the disposition of Carpenter's net assets is being accounted for as a discontinued operation. The \$1.0 million gain on disposal of Carpenter in the second quarter of 2003 was a result of the Company's revision of its estimated loss to dispose of the business, based upon resolution of certain accrued items related to the disposal. There was no impact in the second quarter of 2004 related to the Carpenter closing.

Total chassis orders received during the second quarter of 2004 increased 74.2% compared to the same period in 2003. This is due to a 118.5% increase in motorhome chassis orders combined with a 7.7% increase in fire truck chassis orders. Based on average order lead-time, the Company estimates that approximately two-thirds of the motorhome and none of the fire truck chassis orders received during the three-month period ended June 30, 2004 were produced and delivered by June 30, 2004.

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# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. (Continued)

At June 30, 2004, the Company had \$110.3 million in backlog, compared with a backlog of \$76.4 million at June 30, 2003. This was due to an increase in Chassis Group backlog of \$19.5 million, or 43.2%, combined with an increase in EVTeam backlog of \$14.4 million, or 46.0%.

While orders in the backlog are subject to modification, cancellation or rescheduling by customers, the Company has not experienced significant modification, cancellation or rescheduling of orders in the past. Although the backlog of unfilled orders is one of many indicators of market demand, several factors, such as changes in production rates, available capacity, new product introductions and competitive pricing actions, may affect actual sales. Accordingly, a comparison of backlog from period to period is not necessarily indicative of eventual actual shipments.

#### Six-Month Period Ended June 30, 2004, Compared to the Six-Month Period Ended June 30, 2003

For the six months ended June 30, 2004, consolidated sales increased \$24.8 million (21.4%) to \$140.3 million, from \$115.5 million in the first six months of 2003. Chassis Group sales for this period increased by \$25.9 million (27.3%). The majority of this increase was due to higher sales of motorhome chassis. During the first half of 2004, motorhome chassis sales were \$20.1 million (34.7%) higher than the first half of 2003. This increase was due to two primary factors. First, the Chassis Group secured additional business from one of its top three customers, and production related to this additional business began late in the second quarter of 2004. In addition, there were overall higher motorhome industry sales as a result of less economic uncertainty in 2004 than in the start of 2003. Concerns about the conflict in Iraq during the first half of 2003 negatively impacted the economy and the stock market, which caused lower motorhome sales during that period.

The increase in motorhome chassis sales was coupled with an increase in fire truck chassis sales. Fire truck chassis sales in the first half of 2004 were up \$5.8 million (17.2%) over the same period of 2003. As the increase in sales indicates, the fire truck market continues to be strong in 2004, with a focus by fire departments on making sure their equipment is sufficient to respond to the variety of emergencies that are on their growing list of responsibilities.

EVTeam sales increased \$0.7 million, or 2.8%, from the prior year's second quarter. The primary reason for the increase is higher production levels during the second quarter at Crimson Fire stemming from the higher order intake. The Company also shipped its first aerial from Crimson Fire Aerials during the second quarter of 2004. Partially offsetting these increases was a decrease in sales at Road Rescue. The Company's closure of Road Rescue's St. Paul, Minnesota facility and consolidation of its ambulance operations to its new Marion, South Carolina facility continues to have a transitional negative impact on EVTeam production.

Gross margin increased from 14.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2003 to 14.7% for the same period of 2004. This increase is due primarily to the higher gross margins at the EVTeam. The EVTeam has experienced higher operating efficiencies in the current year and, in addition, the prior year's gross margin was negatively impacted by physical inventory and other costing adjustments made at an EVTeam location. Partially

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. (Continued)

Operating expenses as a percentage of sales decreased from 12.5% for the six months ended June 30, 2003 to 10.9% for same period in 2004. This decrease is primarily due to higher sales levels coupled with a Company focus on keeping the base operating expense level low.

The effective tax rate in the first half of 2004 was 33.4% versus 18.6% for the first half of 2003. The 2004 rate differs from the federal statutory rate of 34.0% primarily as a result of a reduction in the capital loss valuation allowance for the amount that will be realized on the gain on disposal of the Company's building in Mexico. The 2003 rate differs from the federal statutory rate of 34.0% primarily as a result of reductions in previously recorded estimates for accrued taxes on income based upon settlements of examinations with state and federal taxing authorities that reduced the provision for income taxes during the period.

On September 28, 2000, the Company's Board of Directors passed a resolution to cease funding of the Company's majority-owned subsidiary, Carpenter Industries, Inc. Carpenter's Board of Directors then voted on September 29, 2000 to begin the orderly liquidation of Carpenter. Because Carpenter was a separate segment of the Company's business, the disposition of Carpenter's net assets is being accounted for as a discontinued operation. The \$1.5 million gain on disposal of Carpenter in the first six months of 2003 was a result of the Company's revision of its estimated loss to dispose of the business, based upon resolution of certain accrued items related to the disposal. There was no impact in the first six months 2004 related to the Carpenter closing.

Total chassis orders received during the first six months of 2004 increased 40.1% compared to the same period in 2003. This is due to a 54.4% increase in motorhome chassis orders combined with a 16.7% increase in fire truck chassis orders. Based on average order lead-time, the Company estimates that approximately three-quarters of the motorhome and one-half of the fire truck chassis orders received during the six-month period ended June 30, 2004 were produced and delivered by June 30, 2004.

At June 30, 2004, the Company had \$110.3 million in backlog, compared with a backlog of \$76.4 million at June 30, 2003. This was due to an increase in Chassis Group backlog of \$19.5 million, or 43.2%, combined with an increase in EVTeam backlog of \$14.4 million, or 46.0%.

While orders in the backlog are subject to modification, cancellation or rescheduling by customers, the Company has not experienced significant modification, cancellation or rescheduling of orders in the past. Although the backlog of unfilled orders is one of many indicators of market demand, several factors, such as changes in production rates, available capacity, new product introductions and competitive pricing actions, may affect actual sales. Accordingly, a comparison of backlog from period to period is not necessarily indicative of eventual actual shipments.

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# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. (Continued)

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

For the six months ended June 30, 2004, cash provided by continuing operating activities was \$9.9 million, which was \$8.6 million (638.2%) higher than the \$1.3 million of cash provided by continuing operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2003. See the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows contained in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for the various factors that led to this increase. The cash on hand at December 31, 2003, cash provided by operations of \$9.9 million, cash provided from the exercise of stock options of \$0.9 million and proceeds from long-term debt of \$0.2 million allowed the Company to fund \$2.6 million in property, plant and equipment purchases, \$2.8 million in purchases of marketable securities, dividends paid of \$1.0 million and \$0.4 million in the repurchase of Company stock. The Company's working capital increased \$2.0 million from \$40.1 million at December 31, 2003 to \$42.1 million at June 30, 2004. Cash and cash equivalents increased \$4.2 million, from \$18.5 million at December 31, 2003 to \$22.7 million at June 30, 2004.

Shareholders' equity increased \$3.2 million in the six months ended June 30, 2004 to \$64.3 million from \$61.1 million at December 31, 2003. This change resulted from the \$3.6 million in net comprehensive income of the Company and the receipt of \$1.0 million from the exercise of stock options including the corresponding tax benefit net with \$1.0 million in dividends paid and \$0.4 million for the repurchase of Company stock.

On April 24, 2003, the Board of Directors authorized management to repurchase up to a total of 500,000 shares of its common stock in open market transactions. On July 27, 2004, the Board of Directors allowed this 500,000 share authorization to continue, net of any repurchases from the second quarter of 2004. Under these repurchase programs, the Company repurchased 57,065 shares during its 2003 fiscal year and 38,900 shares during the second quarter of 2004. Repurchase of common stock is contingent upon market conditions. The authorization for this repurchase program expires on April 21, 2005. If the Company were to repurchase the remaining 461,100 shares of stock under the current authorization at current prices, this would cost the Company approximately \$5.3 million. The Company believes that it has sufficient cash reserves to fund this stock buyback.

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. (Continued)

The Company's primary line of credit is a \$15.0 million revolving note payable to a bank that expires on October 15, 2004. The Company expects to extend or refinance this line of credit in 2004. There were no borrowings under this line at June 30, 2004. Under the terms of the line of credit agreement, the Company is required to maintain certain financial ratios and other financial conditions. The agreement also prohibits the Company from incurring additional indebtedness, limits certain acquisitions, investments, advances or loans, and restricts substantial asset sales. At June 30, 2004, the Company was in compliance with all debt covenants.

The Company also has a secured line of credit for \$0.2 million. The \$0.2 million line carries an interest rate of 2% above the bank's prime rate (prime rate at June 30, 2004 was 4.25%) and has an expiration date of December 31, 2004. This line of credit is secured by accounts receivable, inventory and equipment. There were no borrowings under this line at June 30, 2004.

The Company also has a secured mortgage note for \$150,000. The mortgage note carries an interest rate of 3.00% and is payable in equal installments over a 5 year period. This mortgage note is secured by land.

The Company believes it has sufficient resources from cash flows from operating activities and, if necessary, from borrowings under its lines of credit to satisfy ongoing cash requirements for the next 12 months. Proceeds from existing credit facilities and anticipated renewals, along with cash flows from operations, are expected to be sufficient to meet capital needs in the foreseeable future.

#### **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The following discussion of accounting policies is intended to supplement Note 1, General and Summary of Accounting Policies, of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 15, 2004. These policies were selected because they are broadly applicable within the Company's operating units, and they involve additional management judgment due to the sensitivity of the methods, assumptions and estimates necessary in determining the related income statement, asset and/or liability amounts.

Revenue Recognition - The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 104, Revenue Recognition. Accordingly, revenue is recognized when title to the product and risk of ownership passes to the buyer. This occurs when the unit has been completed in accordance with purchase order specifications and has been tendered for delivery to the customer. Sales are shown net of returns, discounts and sales incentives, which historically have not been significant. The collectibility of any related receivable is reasonably assured before revenue is recognized.

<u>Inventory</u> - Estimated inventory allowances for slow-moving and obsolete inventory are based upon current assessments about future demands, market conditions and related management initiatives. If market conditions are less favorable than those projected by management, additional inventory allowances may be required.

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# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. (Continued)

<u>Warranties</u> - The Company's policy is to record a provision for the estimated cost of warranty-related claims at the time of the sale, and periodically adjust the provision to reflect actual experience. The amount of warranty liability accrued reflects management's best estimate of the expected future cost of honoring the Company's obligations under the warranty agreements. The Company's estimates are based on historical experience, the number of units involved and the extent of features and components included in product models. See also Note 5 to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q.

#### PENDING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

See Note 10 to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q.

#### **EFFECT OF INFLATION**

Inflation affects the Company in two principal ways. First, the Company's debt, if any, is tied to the prime and LIBOR interest rates so that increases in those interest rates would be translated into additional interest expense. Second, general inflation impacts prices paid for labor, parts and supplies. Whenever possible, the Company attempts to cover increased costs of production and capital by adjusting the prices of its products.

However, the Company generally does not attempt to negotiate inflation-based price adjustment provisions into its contracts. Since order lead times can be as much as six months, the Company has limited ability to pass on cost increases to its customers on a short-term basis. In addition, the markets the Company serves are competitive in nature, and competition limits the Company's ability to pass through cost increases in many cases. The Company strives to minimize the effects of inflation through cost reductions and improved productivity.

## Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

The Company's primary market risk exposure is a change in interest rates in connection with its outstanding variable rate short-term and long-term debt. However, at June 30, 2004, the Company had no debt outstanding under its variable rate short-term and long-term debt agreements. The Company does not enter into market risk sensitive instruments for trading purposes.

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#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

An evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of June 30, 2004. Based on and as of the time of the evaluation required by Rule 13a-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2004. During the Company's second fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2004, there was no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

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### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 2. Changes in Securities. Use of Proceeds and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

This table provides information with respect to purchases by the Company of shares of its common stock during each fiscal month of the second quarter of fiscal 2004:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid Per Share	Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
05/26/04-06/04/04	38,900	\$11.66	38,900	461,100
TOTALS	38,900	\$11.66	38,900	461,100

On April 24, 2003, the Board of Directors authorized management to repurchase up to a total of 500,000 shares of its common stock in open market transactions. On July 27, 2004, the Board of Directors allowed this 500,000 share authorization to continue, net of any repurchases from the second quarter of 2004. Under these repurchase programs, the Company repurchased 57,065 shares during its 2003 fiscal year and 38,900 shares during the second quarter of 2004. Repurchase of common stock is contingent upon market conditions. The authorization for this repurchase program expires on April 21, 2005.

### Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

The annual meeting of shareholders of Spartan Motors, Inc. was held on May 18, 2004. The purpose of the meeting was to elect directors and to ratify the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as independent auditors for the current fiscal year and transact any other business that properly came before the meeting. The name of each director elected to a term expiring in 2007 (along with the number of votes cast for or authority withheld) is as follows:

Elected Directors	For	Authority Withheld / Against
George Tesseris David R. Wilson	10,829,176 10,829,176	323,371 323,371

The following persons continue to serve as directors: William F. Foster, Charles E. Nihart, Kenneth Kaczmarek, Richard J. Schalter and John E. Sztykiel.

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# Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders. (Continued)

The following proposal was acted on:

Proposal	For	Against	Abstain
Proposal to ratify the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as independent auditors for the current fiscal year.	10,755,764	386,170	10,613

There were no broker non-votes with respect to matters voted on by the Company's shareholders at the meeting.

### Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.

(a) <u>Exhibits</u>. The following documents are filed as exhibits to this report on Form 10-Q:

Exhibit No. Document

3.1 Spartan Motors, Inc. Restated Articles of Incorporation, as amended to date. Previously filed as an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2000, and incorporated herein by reference.

3.2	Spartan Motors, Inc. Bylaws, as amended to date. Previously filed as an exhibit to the Company's Form 10-Q Quarterly Report for the period ended March 31, 2003, and incorporated herein by reference.
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.
32	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350.

<sup>(</sup>b) Reports on Form 8-K. The Company filed the following Current Reports on Form 8-K during the quarter ended June 30, 2004. These Forms 8-K were furnished pursuant to Regulation FD and are considered to have been "furnished" but not "filed" with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

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Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K. (Conti	mod)

Date of Report	Filing Date	Item(s) Reported
April 28, 2004	April 28, 2004	Under Item 12, this Form 8-K included a press release that announced the Company's financial results for the quarter ended March 31, 2004 and included condensed income statements for the quarters ended March 31, 2004 and 2003, and condensed consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2004 and December 31, 2003.
April 28, 2004	April 28, 2004	Under Item 12, this Form 8-K included a press release that announced the Company's regular cash dividend.
May 19, 2004	May 20, 2004	Under Item 12, this Form 8-K included a press release that announced an increase in business with one of the Company's major customers, Newmar Corp.
May 24, 2004	May 24, 2004	Under Item 12, this Form 8-K included a press release that announced an increase in business with one of the Company's major customers, Fleetwood Enterprises, Inc.
June 17, 2004	June 16, 2004	Under Item 12, this Form 8-K included a press release that announced that it received a tax credit grant from the Michigan Economic Development Corporation to support the Company's expansion in light of the increased business from Newmar Corp. and Fleetwood Enterprises, Inc.

### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: August 9, 2004 SPARTAN MOTORS, INC.

By /s/ James W. Knapp

James W. Knapp Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President Secretary and Treasurer (Principal Accounting and Financial Officer and duly authorized signatory for the registrant)

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### **EXHIBIT INDEX**

<u>Exhibit No.</u> <u>Document</u>

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31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.
32	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350.

#### **EXHIBIT 31.1**

#### CERTIFICATION

I, John E. Sztykiel, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Spartan Motors, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
  - Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 9, 2004 /s/ John E. Sztykiel

John E. Sztykiel
President and Chief Executive Officer
Spartan Motors, Inc.

#### **EXHIBIT 31.2**

#### CERTIFICATION

I, James W. Knapp, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Spartan Motors, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
  - Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 9, 2004	/s/ James W. Knapp
	James W. Knapp Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer Spartan Motors, Inc.

#### **EXHIBIT 32**

#### **CERTIFICATION**

Each of the undersigned hereby certifies in his capacity as an officer of Spartan Motors, Inc. (the "Company"), pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 that:

- The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the three month period ended June 30, 2004 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m); and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition at the end of such period and results of operations of the Company for such period.

Dated: August 9, 2004	/s/ John E. Sztykiel
	John E. Sztykiel President and Chief Executive Officer
Dated: August 9, 2004	/s/ James W. Knapp
	James W. Knapp Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer